Community Health Needs Assessment 2015

Regarding Richardson County, Nebraska For Use by Community Medical Center, Inc., Located in Falls City, Nebraska

A Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) has been conducted on behalf of Community Medical Center, Inc. (CMC), a not-for-profit, Critical Access Hospital, located in Falls City, Nebraska. This assessment and strategic response plan have been reviewed by CMC administration and adopted by the CMC Board of Directors. Though this document has been adopted by CMC, it is also part of a larger effort by the Southeast (Nebraska) Health District, Southeast Nebraska Community Action (SENCA), and five other hospitals in the district to create a comprehensive regional health assessment and plan. It is believed that significant alignment will exist in the health need priorities within each of the five counties (with some county-level variation), such that a comprehensive regional plan may be adopted to impact identified health issues on a larger scale with greater combined resources.

Creation of this assessment involved cooperation between the Health Department, SENCA, Community Medical Center, local government, other health care providers and organizations and interested citizens. Quantitative and qualitative measures were used, with input from individuals with medical and public health expertise. Tools included public health data, health research studies from outside entities, a survey of community perception, and a facilitated discussion meeting of experts, representatives of community organizations, and community members.

A community meeting was held on April 15, 2015 at the Grand Weaver Hotel in Falls City. Attendees included representatives of the Southeast Nebraska Health District, Southeast Nebraska Community Action, Community Medical Center, County Government, Various City and Township Governments, Law Enforcement, Education, Ministerial Association, Blue Valley Behavioral Health, Long-Term Care, Six Pence, Fitness and Wellness, Peru State College, Chamber of Commerce, and Concerned Citizens. The meeting was facilitated by Kevin Cluskey, Director of the Southeast Nebraska Health District. Copies of the agenda and attendees are included as Appendix A. A collection of statistical information regarding health outcomes, environment, health behaviors, cancer incidence, and other factors is included in Appendix B. The survey tool is included as Appendix C. A summary of survey results is shown as Appendix D. Notes from the meeting, including insights on the data collected and participant concerns and ideas are found in Appendix E.

Through the process, three priority issues were identified and agreed upon. These are:

- 1. **Substance Abuse**—We are concerned with drug and alcohol abuse among adults and youth. Of special concern is abuse of prescription drugs. Substance abuse affects individuals' and families' health, mental health, financial situations, self-reliance, social support, spirituality and criminal status. It is a multifaceted problem that greatly impacts our community.
- 2. **Fitness & Obesity**—We are concerned about high levels of obesity and inactivity in our community. This results in health issues that multiply over time. We are concerned about lack of access to fitness and healthy eating options. We are also concerned about increasing technology dependence that reduces activity and social supports and about cultural and social norms that may not emphasize fitness, activity, healthy eating and maintaining healthy weights. Poor finances, lack of access to necessary medical and social supports, as well as cultural stigma, may also prevent those in greatest need from receiving necessary interventions.
- 3. **Cancer**—The community is concerned about the prevalence of cancer and what can be done to reduce risks (behavioral, social, genetic & environmental), improve early detection, ensure access to treatment, and support individuals and families affected.

CMC's Strategic Response Plan to 2015 Community Health Needs Assessment

The following initiatives were approved by the Community Medical Center Board in July 2015, as part of CMC's 2015 fiscal year. These plans may be updated as progress is made or new information becomes available. It is intended that CMC's plan will roll into the broader regional plan being developed in conjunction with the Health Department. Initiatives developed regionally will also be applicable in Richardson County.

1. Substance Abuse

- a. Increase behavioral health resources available in the community.
 - i. Continue to provide financial assistance to Blue Valley Behavioral Health to ensure adequate counseling resources
 - ii. Add a licensed drug and alcohol counselor at least 2 days per week in community
 - iii. Offer or support additional group support programs in Richardson County
- b. Coordinate management and practices among area medical practices, dental practices, pharmacies, etc.
 - i. Provide education to physicians, practitioners and other professionals regarding best practices
 - ii. Support development of regional or state standards for reporting, tracking and communicating
- c. Engage concerned parties, including local law enforcement, schools, ministerial association, and others to support those trying to reduce substance abuse in the community.
 - i. Support the efforts of local schools regarding prevention of drug and alcohol abuse
 - ii. Support efforts to create social and activity sites as alternatives to drug and alcohol pressures
- d. Ensure availability of resources to monitor related health issues, such as pain management and communicable diseases.
 - i. Seek credible pain management professionals willing to offer practice hours in community
 - ii. Increase testing and communication regarding Hepatitis C
 - iii. Ensure hospital and medical staff are trained to identify and discuss signs of substance abuse

2. Fitness and Obesity

- a. Support grassroots efforts to develop sustainable activity support groups
- b. Support youth activities to encourage development of good fitness habits
- c. Support availability of healthy eating options in schools, institutions, restaurants and homes
- d. Implement practice support tools to help physicians and practitioners manage the care of patients at high risk of complications related to obesity and poor fitness, including those with Type 2 Diabetes
- e. Work with government and interested entities to increase availability of facilities and/or programs to support healthy activity levels

3. Cancer

- a. Launch campaign to increase awareness of appropriate cancer risk factors, prevention recommendations, and screening options
 - i. Partner with media, medical professionals and community organizations to raise awareness
 - ii. Increase the rate of colorectal screening and mammogram screening to at least the national median by 2020
- b. Promote smoking and tobacco-use cessation efforts
- c. Partner with the Health Department to test 100-200 county homes for unhealthy Radon levels by 2017

Community Medical Center will monitor and report progress on these issues. CMC will seek to work in partnership with other invested parties. If you are interested in helping further one of these goals, please contact the hospital at (402) 245-2428 or by email at administration@cmcfc.org.

Appendix A: Community Meeting Agenda & Attendees







Richardson County Community Assessment Grand Weaver Hotel

Falls City, NE 68355 April 15, 2015 7:30p – 9:00p

Purpose

The purpose of the Richardson County Community Assessment public meeting is to discuss identified health issues within Richardson County, and prioritize issues for the development of a regional Community Health Improvement Plan.

Agenda

- Welcome & Introductions
 - Introduction of SEDHD new Mission and Vision statements
- Process of Community Health and Needs Assessment
- Data Review
 - o Review Quantitative Data
 - Survey Results
- Discussion of Findings
- Selection Exercise
 - Dot Matrix
- Closing Remarks
 - Next Steps
 - Improvement Process

Appendix A (continued): Community Needs Assessment Meeting Attendees April 2, 2015 – Grand Weaver Hotel, Falls City, Nebraska

Name	Organization
Ryan Larsen	Community Medical Center - CEO
Kevin Cluskey	Southeast District Health Department - Director
David Sickel	Richardson County Commissioner
Carol Hamilton	Southeast Health District President
	& Owner, In-Home Health Care
Lew Barber	Richardson County Sheriff Office
Vicky McNealy	Southeast Nebraska Community Action - Director
Crystal Dunekacke	City of Humboldt - Mayor
Judy Murphy	City of Falls City - City Council Member
Linda Santo	Community Medical Center
	& Certified Health Coach
Joe Froeschl	Blue Valley Behavioral Health - Counselor
Gary Jorn	City of Fall City - City Clerk
	& Falls City Volunteer Ambulance Squad - President
Duane Armbruster	City of Falls City Police Department - Chief of Police
Susan Johnson	Falls City Public Schools - Sixpence Program
Kathy Martin	Falls City Public Schools - Sixpence Program Director
Christine Aldana	Falls City Public Schools - Sixpence Program
Brian Dixon	Richardson County Emergency Management - Director
David Nachtigal	Physical & Respiratory Therapy Services (PRTS)- Owner
	& Fitness Center Owner
Joe Buckminster	Village of Preston - Mayor; Community Medical Center, IT Manager
	& Community Medical Center - IT Manager
Dave Young	Falls City Nursing and Rehabilition Center - Director
Kyle Ryan	Peru State College - Associate Professor
	& Children's Health, Activity, & Nutrition Community Engagement - Co-director
Allan Tramp	Family Practice - Physician
	& Sacred Heart School Board - President
	& Community Medical Center - Chief of Medical Staff
This list gives the names of those sig discussion and prioritization exercise	ning in at the meeting. Other attendees were present without signing in. All were invited to participate in

Appendix B: Relevant Health Indicators (From County Health Rankings; Problem areas noted by asterisk *)

	Richardson County	Error Margin	Top U.S. Performers*	Nebraska	Rank (of 78)
Health Outcomes					31
Length of Life					22
Premature death	5,530	3,837-7,223	5,200	5,792	
Quality of Life		,	,	,	47
Poor or fair health	15%	12-18%	10%	12%	
Poor physical health days	3	2.5-3.6	2.5	2.9	
Poor mental health days	2.8	1.9-3.7	2.3	2.7	
Low birthweight	5.10%	3.3-6.9%	5.90%	7.00%	
Health Factors					75
Health Behaviors					71
Adult smoking	18%	15-22%	14%	18%	
Adult obesity	33%	29-36%	25%	29%	
Food environment index	7.5		8.4	7.8	
Physical inactivity	34%	30-38%	20%	24%	
Access to exercise opportunities	64%		92%	81%	
Excessive drinking	21%	16-27%	10%	20%	
Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	100%		14%	35%	
Sexually transmitted infections	193		138	364	
Teen births	31	24-40	20	32	
Clinical Care				<u> </u>	75
Uninsured	14%	13-16%	11%	13%	
Primary care physicians	2,073:1	10 1070	1,045:1	1,405:1	
Dentists	2,708:1		1,377:1	1,450:1	
Mental health providers	2,031:1		386:01:00	435:01:00	
Preventable hospital stays	76	64-88	41	56	
Diabetic monitoring	75%	63-87%	90%	86%	
Mammography screening	46.80%	35.4-58.1%	70.70%	61.80%	
Social & Economic Factors	10.0070	00.1 00.170	10.1070	01.0070	76
High school graduation	80%			86%	
Some college	66.20%	53.5-78.9%	71.00%	70.00%	
Unemployment	5.30%	00.0 70.070	4.00%	3.90%	
Children in poverty	22%	16-28%	13%	17%	
Income inequality	4.3	3.5-5.0	3.7	4.2	
Children in single-parent households	25%	14-35%	20%	28%	
Social associations	22.9	. 1 5576	22	14.2	
Violent crime	63		59	264	
Injury deaths	74	50-105	50	54	
Physical Environment	, ,	00 100	30	U 1	4
Air pollution - particulate matter	8.4		9.5	12.1	
Drinking water violations	13%		0%	8%	
Severe housing problems	9%	6-12%	9%	13%	
Driving alone to work	82%	78-85%	71%	81%	
Long commute - driving alone	18%	13-23%	15%	17%	

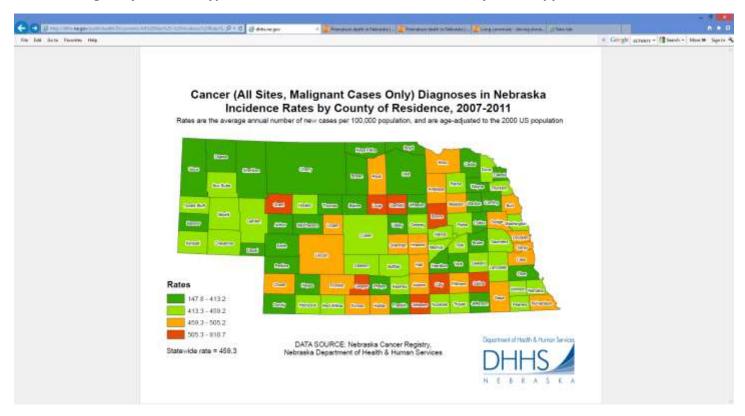
	Richardson County	Nebraska
Demographics		
<u>Population</u>	8,125	1,868,516
% below 18 years of age	20.10%	24.90%
% 65 and older	23.20%	14.10%
% Non-Hispanic African American	0.30%	4.60%
% American Indian and Alaskan Native	3.40%	1.30%
% Asian	0.40%	2.10%
% Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	0.00%	0.10%
% Hispanic	1.70%	9.90%
% Non-Hispanic white	92.60%	81.00%
% not proficient in English	0.10%	2.70%
% Females	50.50%	50.20%
% Rural	50.60%	26.90%
Health Outcomes		
<u>Diabetes</u>	11%	9%
HIV prevalence		115
Premature age-adjusted mortality	350.6	304.5
Infant mortality		5.8
Child mortality		49.6
Health Behaviors		
Food insecurity	13%	13%
<u>Limited access to healthy foods</u>	7%	7%
Motor vehicle crash deaths		13
Drug poisoning deaths		6
Health Care		
<u>Uninsured adults</u>	17%	16%
<u>Uninsured children</u>	7%	6%
Health care costs	\$10,606	\$8,868
Could not see doctor due to cost	8%	10%
Other primary care providers	1,625:1	1,183:1
Social & Economic Factors		
Median household income	\$41,679	\$51,502
Children eligible for free lunch	35%	35%
<u>Homicides</u>		4

*

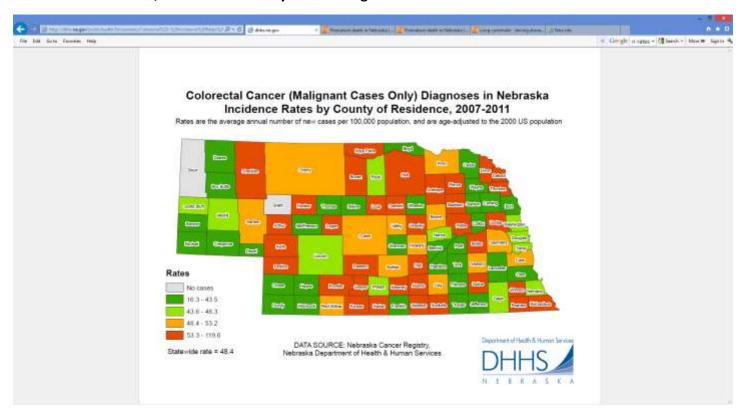
Appendix B (continued): Cancer Incidence in Richardson County

From the Nebraska Cancer Registry, Department of Health and Human Services

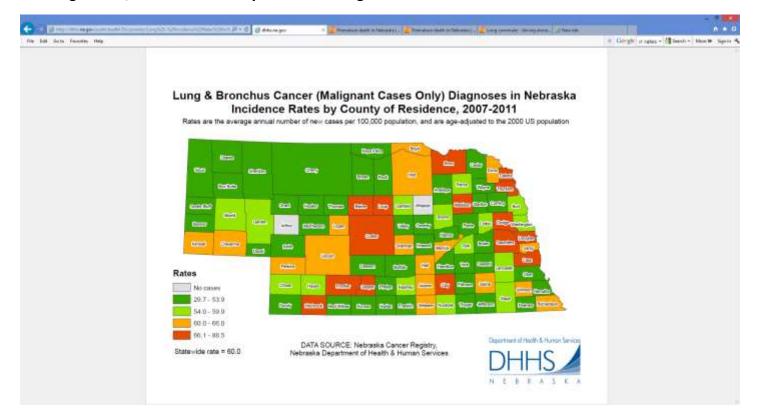
Five-Year, Age-Adjusted All-Type Cancer Rate shows Richardson County in the upper third for the state.



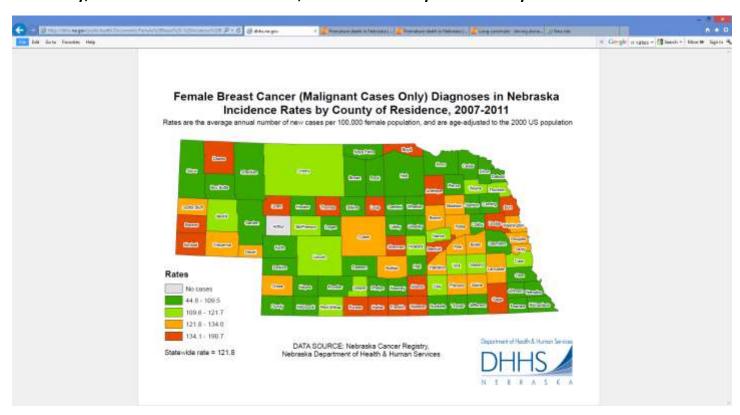
For Colorectal Cancer, Richardson County is in the Highest Risk Tier:

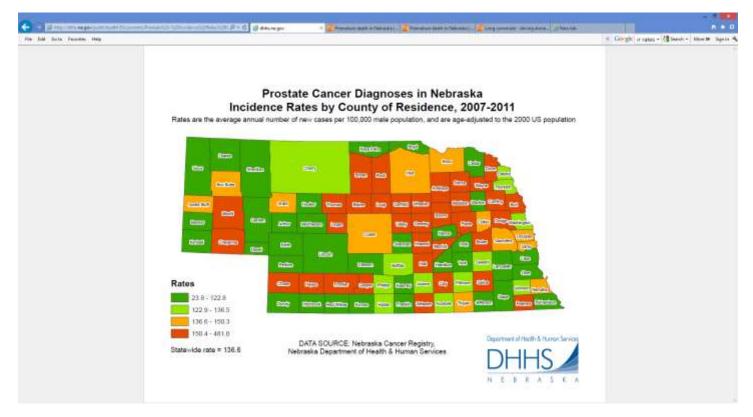


For Lung Cancer, Richardson County is in the 2nd-Highest Tier:

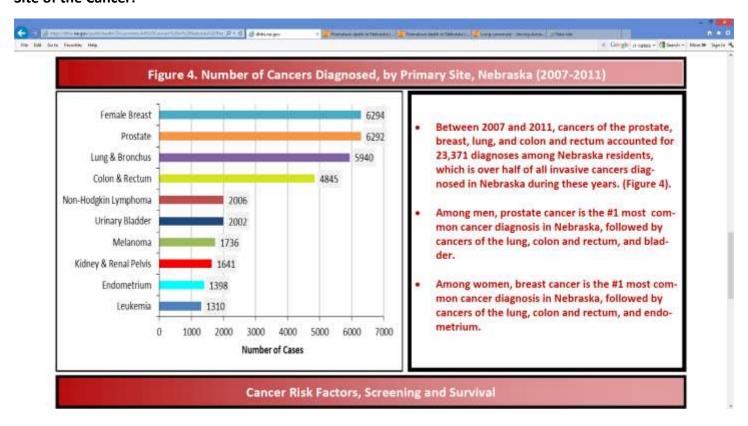


Conversely, For Breast and Prostate Cancer, Richardson County has Relatively low Rates:





The Following Shows the Number of Cancers Diagnosed, Statewide, for the Same Time Period, by Primary Site of the Cancer:



Appendix C: Community Health Needs Assessment Survey Tool

The following survey was made available to residents of Richardson County in paper format and online through email lists, in person at the hospital, the CMC website, the local ministerial association, the Chamber of Commerce and other entities. Though the requested deadline was April 2, to allow results to be tabulated before the community meeting, residents were able to complete and submit surveys to be included in the 5-county results through the end of the summer of 2015.

RICHARDSON COUNTY COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT SURVEY

Thank you for your interest in improving area health. This survey, which should take 5-10 minutes to complete, is being conducted by the Southeast (Nebraska) District Health Department and Community Medical Center to be used as part of a joint Community Health Needs Assessment and planning process in 2015. Survey results will be shared with the Health Department, Community Medical Center, and representatives of local government, schools, churches, medical practitioners, Southeast Nebraska Community Action, and health service organizations. The goal of the project is to understand the most important community needs related to health and to create and implement a collaborative action plan to address needs and improve the health of area citizens.

We appreciate your interest and willingness to participate in this process. Surveys may be returned at a variety of collection locations, including Community Medical Center, Sun Mart, Humboldt Family Medicine Clinic, and Richardson County Courthouse. The survey will also be available online after March 12 by going to www.sedhd.org and following the survey link.

We ask that all surveys, whether written or online, be completed by April 2.

Richardson County Community Health Assessment Survey

Zip Code	
Ethnicity	
☐ White/Not Hispanic or Latino	☐ Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
☐ African American	☐ Hispanic/Latino
☐ American Indian or Alaska Native	☐ Two or More Races
☐ Asian	
Gender	
☐ Male	
☐ Female	
Age	
☐ 18 or under	□ 45-54
□ 19-24	□ 55-64
□ 25-34	□ 65-74
□ 35-44	☐ 75 or over
Yearly Household Income	
☐ Less than \$20,000	□ \$75,000 to \$99,999
□ \$20,000 to \$34,999	□ \$100,000 to \$149,999
□ \$35,000 to \$49,999	□ \$150,000 to \$199,999
□ \$50,000 to \$74,999	□ \$200,000 or more
Highest level of education	
☐ Less than high school degree	
☐ High school degree or equivalent (e.g. GED)	
☐ Some college but no degree	
☐ Associate degree	
☐ Bachelor degree	
☐ Graduate degree	

Please rate the following based on your overall opinion regarding quality of life in your community.

	Strongly				Strongly
	disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Agree
I am satisfied with the quality of life in the community.					
I am satisfied with the health care system in the community.					
This is a good place to raise children.					
This is a good place to retire.					
There is economic opportunity in this community.					
This is a safe place to live.					
There are networks of support for individuals and families during times of stress and need.					
All individuals and groups have the opportunity to contribute to and participate in the community's quality of life.					
All residents think that they can make the community a better place to live.					
There is an active sense of civic responsibility and engagement and civic pride in shared accomplishments.					

In the following list, what do you think are the <u>THREE</u> most important factors that would contribute to a high quality of life in this community?

Check Only Three

Access to	afforda	hla haalth	insurance

Affordable housing
Arts and cultural events
Availability of dental services
Availability of health care
Career enhancement
Clean environment (including water, air, sewage, waste disposal)
Good schools
Good place to raise children
Healthy behaviors and lifestyles
Healthy economy
Jobs with adequate wages
Low adult death and disease rates
Low crime/safe neighborhoods
Low level of child abuse
Parks and recreation
Racial equality
Religious or spiritual values
Resources for parents
Strong family life
Other

In the following list, what do you think are the **THREE** most important issues in our community?

<u>Check Only Three</u>
☐ Access to health care
☐ Aging problems (e.g. arthritis, hearing/vision loss, etc.)
☐ Bullying
□ Cancers
☐ Child abuse/neglect
☐ Comprehension of health care systems
☐ Dental problems
□ Diabetes
☐ Domestic Violence
☐ Firearm-related injuries
☐ Farming-related injuries
☐ Heart Disease and stroke
☐ High Blood Pressure
☐ HIV/AIDS
☐ Homicide
☐ Homelessness
☐ Inadequate housing
$\hfill\Box$ Infant care (e.g. breastfeeding, Sudden Infant Death Syndrome, etc.)
☐ Infectious Disease (e.g. Hepatitis, TB, etc.)
☐ Joblessness
\square Lack of access to adequate food supply
☐ Lack of resources for parents
☐ Mental Health problems
☐ Motor vehicle crash injuries
☐ Rape/sexual abuse
☐ Sexually transmitted diseases (STDs)
☐ Suicide
☐ Workplace-related injuries
☐ Other

In the following list, what do you think are the <u>THREE</u> most risky behaviors in our community?

Cne	eck Only Three
	Alcohol dependency
	Being overweight
	Dropping out of school
	Divorce
	Drug use
	Lack of exercise
	Not getting "shots" to prevent disease
	Not using birth control
	Not using seat belts/child safety seats
	Poor eating habits
	Racism
	Tobacco use
	Unsafe sex
	Other

Your area hospital last conducted a community health needs assessment in 2012.

How familiar are you with the priorities established in that assessment process?					
☐ Not at all	☐ Minimally familiar	☐ Somewhat familiar	☐ Very Familiar		
	 Compiling a Comprehe 	County identified in 2012 were: ensive Resource Reference. ehavioral and Mental Health Serv	vices.		
	•	n to Improve Access to Care.			
To what extent do you still agree with the priorities previously identified? (Leave blank if not applicable) ☐ Disagree ☐ Somewhat disagree ☐ Neutral ☐ Somewhat agree ☐ Agree					
How familiar are you with priorities?	the strategies and steps that ha	ve been taken in your communit	y to address those		
☐ Not at all	☐ Minimally familiar	\square Somewhat familiar	☐ Very Familiar		
•		have been? (Leave blank if not a			
What other comments, if	any, do you have regarding the p	previous health needs assessmer	t and/or efforts to		

implement response strategies?

Appendix D: Community Health Assessment Survey Results

County of	Residence		
	Johnson 11		
	Nemaha 34		
	Otoe 36		
	Pawnee 11		
	Richardson 76		
Ethnicity		Gender	
	White/Not Hispanic or Latino 193		Female 165
	African American 1		Male 40
	American Indian or Alaska Native 2		
	Asian 0		
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander 0		
	Hispanic/Latino 2		
	Two or More Races 2		
Yearly Ho	usehold Income	Age	
	Less than \$20,000 18		18 or under 0
	\$20,000 to \$34,999 26		19-24 10
	\$35,000 to \$49,999 20		25-34 41
	\$50,000 to \$74,999 43		35-44 50
	\$75,000 to \$99,999 37		45-54 <mark>53</mark>
	\$100,000 to \$149,999 34		55-64 31
	\$150,000 to \$199,999 10		65-74 18
	\$200,000 or more 5		75 and over 2
Highest le	vel of education		
	Less than high school degree 0		
	High school degree or equivalent (e.g. GED) 22		
	Some college but no degree 41		
	Associate degree 35		
	Bachelor degree 67		
	Graduate degree 39		

Please rate the following based on your overall opinion regarding quality of life in your community.

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree
I am satisfied with the quality of life in the community.	5	19	27	112	15
I am satisfied with the health care system in the community.	6	23	25	96	30
This is a good place to raise children.	3	0	19	110	48
This is a good place to retire.	4	14	47	85	26
There is economic opportunity in this community.	11	43	67	51	8
This is a safe place to live.	0	4	17	122	35
There are networks of support for individuals and families during times of stress and need.	5	23	55	76	17
All individuals and groups have the opportunity to contribute to and participate in the community's quality of life.	6	19	38	94	21
All residents think that they can make the community a better place to live.	11	56	62	46	4
There is an active sense of civic responsibility and engagement and civic pride in shared accomplishments.	6	36	62	66	8

In the following list, what do you think are the three most important factors that would contribute to a high quality of life in this community?

```
Access to affordable health insurance 24
Affordable housing 38
Arts and cultural events 11
Availability of dental services 0
Availability of health care 28
Career enhancement 20
Clean environment (including water, air, sewage, waste disposal) 23
Good schools 69
Good place to raise children 32
Healthy behaviors and lifestyles 26
Healthy economy 35
Jobs with adequate wages 75
Low adult death and disease rates 3
Low crime/safe neighborhoods 20
Low level of child abuse 5
Parks and recreation 11
Racial equality 3
Religious or spiritual values 23
Resources for parents 10
Strong family life 41
```

In the following list, what do you think are the <u>three</u> most important health-related issues in our community?

```
Access to health care / lack of needed specialties or programs 23
Aging problems (e.g. arthritis, hearing/vision loss, etc.) 40
Bullying 18
Cancers 59
Child abuse/neglect 22
Comprehension of health care systems 19
Dental problems 1
Diabetes 18
Domestic Violence 14
Firearm-related injuries 0
Farming-related injuries 4
Heart Disease and stroke 20
High Blood Pressure 12
HIV/AIDS 0
Homicide 0
Homelessness 7
Inadequate housing 12
Infant care (e.g. breastfeeding, Sudden Infant Death Syndrome, etc.) 2
Infectious Disease (e.g. Hepatitis, TB, etc.) 0
Joblessness 33
Lack of access to adequate food supply 5
Lack of fitness or exercise opportunities 24
Lack of resources for parents 17
Mental Health problems 38
Motor vehicle crash injuries 8
Obesity 43
Rape/sexual abuse 2
Sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) 0
Substance Abuse / Addiction 53
Suicide 2
Workplace-related injuries 1
```

In the following list, what do you think are the three most risky behaviors in our community?

```
Alcohol dependency 86

Being overweight 73

Dropping out of school 14

Divorce 13

Drug use 99

Lack of exercise 46

Not getting "shots" to prevent disease 7

Not using birth control 18

Not using seat belts/child safety seats 19

Poor eating habits 48

Racism 13

Tobacco use 42

Unsafe sex 18
```

Your area hospital last conducted a community health needs assessment in 2012. How familiar are you with the priorities established in that assessment process?

Somewhat familiar

Very Familiar

Minimally familiar

Not at all

31	12		17			13	
The fou	ur priorities for Richardsor	County identifi	ed in 2012 w	vere:			
	 Compiling a Com Improving Access Promoting Comn Increasing Coord 	to Behavioral a nunity Health an	nd Mental H d Fitness.	ealth Services.			
To wha applica	it extent do you still agree ble)	with the priorit	ies previous	y identified? (L	eave blank i	f not	
Not Applicable	Disagree Some	vhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat ag	gree A	gree	
1	0	5	13	41	1	2	
	miliar are you with the sto s those priorities?	rategies and step	os that have	been taken in y	our commu	nity to	
Not at all	ot at all Minimally familiar		Somewhat familiar		Very Familiar		
17	29		20		7		
How su applica	iccessful do you feel effor ble)	ts to address the	ese issues ha	ve been? (Leav	e blank if no	t	
Unsuccessful	Somewhat Unsuccess	ful Neutral	Somew	nat Successful	Successful	N/A	
5	10	29		23	2	3	
	other comments, if any, do efforts to implement resp			vious health ne	eds assessm	ent	

Appendix E: Notes and Results from Richardson County Meeting

The group reviewed health and behavioral statistics and survey results and discussed how to interpret results and what priorities should be regarding issues to address. The following points represent insights and discussion points from the group. Priorities selected are listed at the end.

Questions:

- Why do people not feel empowered? (Majority of residents feel that not all residents can make the community a better place)
- Are there appropriate forums for participation?
- "Same people all the time" mentality
- Ages/Demographics of community
 - Are we reaching out?

Reactions to the survey

- Questions are vague
- Marketing of the survey
 - How is it distributed?
 - How can we reach more community members?

Factors that contribute to higher quality of life

- Healthy Behaviors/Lifestyles
 - Living within our means (correlates with other factors)
 - Financially, spiritually, etc
 - Not going to bars
 - Healthy lifestyles for kids
 - · Making smarter decisions with physical and mental health
 - More active in community/more outgoing
 - Lowering drug use
- · Strong family life
- Jobs with adequate wages
 - Lack of jobs correlates with drug use and health
 - Cause & effect
 - Lowers stress/increases security
- Good schools
 - Start of community leads to jobs, healthy lifestyles/behaviors, etc
 - Need a desire to learn

Health-related Issues

- Substance Abuse
- Obesity
 - Easy access to fast food
 - Convenience
 - Whole, uncooked chicken (\$8+) vs. Rotisserie chicken (~ \$6)
- Cancer
 - Detection rate
 - Are we catching it early enough?
 - Early detection/Prevention is important
- Mental Health Problems
- Child Abuse
 - Drug use
 - Mental Health issues

Risky Behaviors

- Drug Use
 - Prescription Drug abuse is most prevalent
 - Pain pills
 - Tranquilizers
- Being Overweight
 - Leads to stroke, heart disease, cancer
 - Access to healthy foods
 - Farmer's Markets are too few and offer little variety
 - Pricing of healthy foods
 - Processed foods are cheap and filling (i.e. rice, side dishes, etc.)

Where are we with 2012 priorities?

- Compiling a comprehensive resource reference
 - This is complete and is available to public
- Improving access to behavioral and mental health services
 - To date, \$80,000 has been invested
- Promoting community health and fitness
 - Progress is slow
- Increasing coordination to improve access to care
 - Little success has been made

Access to healthcare is an issue

- Residents living at 133-400% poverty level are eligible for a subsidy to Affordable Care Act
- Most of the population does not qualify

Final Prioritization, based on significance of issue, importance to the community, and ability to impact:

- 1. Substance Abuse—We are concerned with drug and alcohol abuse among adults and youth. Of special concern is abuse of prescription drugs. Substance abuse affects individuals' and families' health, mental health, financial situations, self-reliance, social support, spirituality and criminal status. It is a multifaceted problem that greatly impacts our community.
- 2. Fitness & Obesity—We are concerned about high levels of obesity and inactivity in our community. This results in health issues that multiply over time. We are concerned about lack of access to fitness and healthy eating options. We are also concerned about increasing technology dependence that reduces activity and social supports and about cultural and social norms that may not emphasize fitness, activity, healthy eating and maintaining healthy weights. Poor finances, lack of access to necessary medical and social supports, as well as cultural stigma, may also prevent those in greatest need from receiving necessary interventions.
- **3. Cancer**—The community is concerned about the prevalence of cancer and what can be done to reduce or mitigate risks (behavioral, hereditary and environmental), improve early detection, ensure access to treatment, and support individuals and families affected. Colorectal and lung cancers are, perhaps, of special significance.